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Incursion of Colloid into an Optical Pinscape

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When subjected to an applied external field higher than some critical value, quantum vortices enter a type II superconductor, but spread out due to repulsive vortex-vortex interactions. Others in our lab\(^1\) have recently begun to study the behavior of vortex matter in superconductors that have been patterned so as to contain an array of pinning centers. This patterning introduces a static 'landscape' of potential energy, and a *competition* between vortex-vortex interactions and vortex-*pinscape* interactions. While this problem has important technological implications, it is also an interesting system for the study of collective behaviors in many-body assemblies. Korda and Spalding have performed an experiment that serves as a classical analog of such interactions.

A holographic optical tweezing was used to create an *optical* pinscape for colloidal particles. By initiating a convection roll on the far side of their sample cell, they created an external influence that tends to drive the colloid into the pinscape. Here, we present an analysis of the optical potential and of the evolution of the colloid as it invades the optical pinscape. We also explore the similarities and differences between this experiment and the one involving quantum vortices.

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